

Planning Services Development Planning & Environment



# **SUPPLEMENTARY GUIDANCE (SG)**

Planning & Education

Adopted 20 May 2021

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#### Introduction

- 1. The West Lothian Local Development Plan (LDP) outlines a development strategy that supports sustainable planned growth across West Lothian. Although the development strategy will have many positive effects by providing new homes, jobs and economic development, it is recognised new development will have an impact on infrastructure such as schools. Such impacts require to be mitigated.
- 2. Development cannot be supported unless the necessary services, infrastructure and facilities are in place, or can be provided to accommodate them. Residential development proposals will therefore be assessed with regard to their impact on the capacity of the education estate to accommodate the pupils generated by the development (on an individual and cumulative basis).
- 3. In order to deliver the planned growth set out in the LDP, new schools and improvements to existing education facilities in West Lothian are required and must be delivered alongside development.
- 4. The Planning system allows mitigation to be sought from applicants towards delivering infrastructure capacity solutions where the need for this arises as a result of their development.
- 5. This Supplementary Guidance (SG) sets out the council's education infrastructure requirement that identifies the new schools and improvements to education infrastructure required in order to deliver the planned growth set out in the LD P. The SG also sets out the mechanics for collecting developer contributions so that the required infrastructure can be delivered timeously.
- 6. Supplementary Guidance (SG) forms part of the LD P and, once adopted, will be a statutory document in the determination of planning applications. All previous Supplementary Planning Guidance (SPG's) with regard to education contributions are superseded by this SG.

# Policy Context & Legal Basis

- 7. Section 75 of The Town and Country Planning (Scotland) Act 1997, as amended by the Planning etc. (Scotland) Act 2006 allows planning authorities to secure developer contributions through the use of planning obligations to overcome obstacles to the granting of planning permission. Developer contributions may also be secured by means of a Section 69 Agreement under the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973.
- 8. This SG has been developed in the context of the following policy and government advice:
  - Scottish Planning Policy 2014
  - Circular 3/2012 Planning Obligations and Good Neighbour Agreements (2012)
  - Strategic Development Plan for South East Scotland (SDP) (2013)
  - West Lothian Local Development Plan (LDP) (2018)

## Scottish Planning Policy (SPP)

9. SPP requires SGs to indicate how new infrastructure or services are to be delivered and phased, and how and by whom any developer contributions will be made.

# <u>Circular 3/2012 Planning Obligations and Good Neighbour Agreements</u> (2012)

- 10. Contributions secured through a planning obligation (Section 75 agreement or other legal agreement as necessary) will be consistent with the five tests set out in Circular 3/2012. These are as follows:
  - Necessary to make a proposal acceptable in planning terms (overcome a barrier to the approval of planning permission);
  - Serve a planning purpose and where it is possible to identify infrastructure provision requirements in advance, should relate to development plans;
  - Be related to the proposed development either as a direct consequence of it or arising from the cumulative impact of development in an area (there must be a clear direct link between development and the infrastructure to be provided);
  - Must fairly and reasonably relate in scale and kind to the proposed development (provide or contribute to the provision of infrastructure that would not be necessary were it not for the development, on a proportionate pro-rata basis as appropriate, but not to resolve existing deficiencies):
  - Be reasonable in all other respects.

# Strategic Development Plan for South East Scotland (SDP) (2013)

- 11. Section 25 of the Town and Country Planning (Scotland) Act 1997, as amended, requires planning applications to be determined in accordance with the development plan, unless material considerations indicate otherwise. The SDP and the LDP form part of the 'development plan' that planning applications in West Lothian are assessed against.
- 12. 'Policy 9: Infrastructure' of the SDP sets out that Local Development Plans will:
  - a. safeguard land to accommodate the necessary infrastructure required to deliver the Strategic Development Plan as set out on Figure 2 and in the accompanying Action Programme:
  - b. provide policy guidance that will require sufficient infrastructure to be available, or its provision to be committed, before development can proceed. Particular emphasis is to be placed on delivery of the strategic infrastructure requirements that are set out in Figure 2 and in the Action Programme; and
  - c. pursue the delivery of infrastructure through developer contributions, funding from infrastructure providers or other appropriate means, including the promotion of alternative delivery mechanisms. Particular emphasis is to be placed on delivery of the strategic infrastructure requirements that are set out in Figure 2 and in the Action Programme'.
- 13. Figure 2 of the SDP Action Programme outlines requirements for secondary and primary education facilities in West Lothian.

#### West Lothian Local Development Plan

- 14. Policy INF 1: 'Infrastructure Provision and Developer Obligations' of the West Lothian LDP sets the policy context for the preparation of this SG. The policy is as follows;
- 15. 'The council will seek developer obligations in accordance with Scottish Government Circular 3/2012 ('Planning Obligations and Good Neighbour Agreements'), as interpreted by emerging case law and amended by subsequent amendments and legislation, to mitigate the development's individual or cumulative impacts upon infrastructure, including cross-boundary impacts. Any such obligations will be concluded prior to the issue of planning permission.
- 16. Where appropriate developer obligations have been secured, planning permission will normally be granted. In all cases, the council will consider the economic viability of proposals alongside options of phasing or staging payments from developers.
- 17. Development will not be permitted to commence unless:
  - a. funding (including any contributions from developer obligations) for necessary infrastructure is fully committed and that infrastructure is capable of being delivered; or
  - b. phasing to manage demand on infrastructure has been agreed; or
  - c. in advance of all necessary infrastructure requirements being fully addressed, sufficient infrastructure is available in the interim to accommodate the development.
- 18. Only where infrastructure constraints, identified by the council in conjunction with relevant authorities, cannot be overcome, will there be a presumption against development.
- 19. Infrastructure requirements are identified in Appendix Two and further details will be provided in subsequent supplementary guidance and the Action Programme. Any related planning obligations will require to meet the policy and legal tests set out above. Proposed sites for new infrastructure are listed in Chapter 6'.

# West Lothian Education Infrastructure Requirement

- 20. West Lothian Council currently provides an education service through 9 non-denominational Secondary schools, 2 denominational secondary schools, 51 non-denominational Primary schools, 16 denominational Primary schools, 57 nurseries and 7 special schools.
- 21. The West Lothian education infrastructure requirement has been derived from a cumulative assessment of the additional education infrastructure required to accommodate pupils from the new homes supported by the LD P. It considers the impact of new housing on existing primary and secondary schools, taking into account existing school capacities and school roll projections.
- 22. The school capacities, school roll projections and the methodology for the calculation of school roll projections used is contained in the 2018 School Roll Forecasts.
- 23. The assumed housing output has been based on the draft Housing Land Audit 2018.

- 24. The Pupil Product Ratio that has been applied is as follows:
  - Primary School 0.35 pupils per residential unit
  - Secondary School 0.18 pupils per residential unit
- 25. These figures have been developed based on trends of average numbers of pupils generated by new housing developments in West Lothian.
- 26. Throughout the period covered by the LDP (2014 2024) there is potential for planning applications to be submitted for sites other than those considered as part of the current education infrastructure requirement. In such circumstances the proposed education infrastructure interventions may require review to ensure that appropriate education contributions are also secured from these developments.

#### **Education Infrastructure Interventions**

- 27. The assessment of the education estate as part of the LDP plan preparation process has identified that proposed new housing and mixed use developments will create capacity issues on the school estate for denominational and non-denominational provision both at Secondary and Primary school level which will require to be mitigated.
- 28. The school estate in West Lothian is already operated at a high level of efficiency and so there may not be as much space available for new pupils produced by development as in other Scottish local authorities. Any proposed infrastructure interventions will also be assessed to ensure the revenue consequences for West Lothian Council are manageable and ensure there is not any oversupply of infrastructure, thus ensuring best value for both the council and the development industry.
- 29. In order to accommodate the additional demand on the school estate of a proposed development a number of mitigation methods have and will continue to be considered. These include:
  - Financial contribution to reconfigure existing schools;
  - Planning conditions to control the phasing of development;
  - School catchment review;
  - Financial contribution to school extensions (classroom or other facility);
  - Financial contributions towards the provision of new schools:
  - New on-site school provision;
  - Managing out of catchment placing requests (within the current legal frameworks); and
  - Use of temporary accommodation only where capacity issues are strictly time limited.
- 30. In determining the appropriate solution in order to accommodate new housing developments, consideration was given to utilising and reconfiguring the existing education infrastructure in the first instance and this principle will continue if it is deemed necessary to revise the education infrastructure requirement. If this cannot be achieved, the next consideration would be a school extension. However, given the scale and location of proposed housing developments, in some areas the only realistic option is the provision of a new school.

- 31. Where new primary schools are required to be built, the council's preferred option is to make provision for schools of 16 or 24 class organisations (two or three full streams) with the associated provision of suitable nursery capacity to make the most efficient use of capacity.
- 32. The establishment of any proposed new school (both the intended site and the catchment area) would be subject to a statutory consultation at an appropriate time and could only be implemented following that process, if approved by the council as an education authority.
- 33. In terms of school catchment reviews and establishing new school catchment boundaries consideration will be given to the location of school buildings, existing school flows, geographical boundaries, public transport links and walking distances to schools.
- 34. Additional education infrastructure to mitigate the impact of pupils from new development should:
  - Be efficient in terms of class organisation, management and operation;
  - Deliver a good learning environment with appropriate supporting facilities (gym, dining hall, outdoor space, general purpose space, sports facilities);
  - Be adaptable to ensure that the school can respond to future changes in its catchment population;
  - Be accessible and well located to serve the catchment population.

## **Costings**

- 35. Each infrastructure intervention has been divided into a number of individual projects. Depending on what stage the project is at, the project costings are based on one of the following:
  - 1. Outturn costs for delivered projects;
  - 2. Emerging bid costs for projects currently in procurement:
  - 3. Estimated costs based on detailed design solutions prepared by the council's Construction Services team, verified by a Quantity Surveyor;
  - 4. Scottish Futures Trust (SFT) metric based on floor space estimates for future projects that do not yet have a detailed design solution.

## **Delivery of Education Infrastructure**

36. The council's current LDP Action Programme outlines the timescales for the delivery of the education infrastructure interventions. Education infrastructure capacity will be delivered at a time that is appropriate to ensure that new pupils can be accommodated within their school catchment schools. The council reserves the right to adjust the timing of the education delivery programme to take account of relevant circumstances.

## **Contribution Rates**

37. Table 1 provides a summary of the contribution rates by school catchment. Table 2 provides a description of the agreed or preferred education infrastructure intervention; the actual or estimated costings and the assumed housing output used to calculate the developer contribution rate.

- 38. While it is recognised the development industry and investors have a preference for certainty, the contribution rate table set out in Table 1 is indicative. This is due to the changing nature of how development can have an impact on the school estate. For instance, school roll projections are regularly updated; it is possible that new Scottish Government legislation may alter a school's ability to accommodate new housing developments by altering the capacity of a school through changing class sizes or another type of change. The council has no control over future house completion rates and the timing of developer contribution payments. Furthermore, it is not possible to pre-determine the result of proposed school catchment area reviews, which have their own statutory consultation procedure to follow. In such circumstances, the council may have to revise the education infrastructure requirement.
- 39. Table 1 also sets out details of schools in West Lothian where there is currently no requirement for developer contributions towards school extension it should be noted, however, that this situation may change over the lifetime of the LDP.

## **Exemptions**

- 40. Developer contributions will not be sought from the following types of development:
- Purpose built housing for students;
- Properties containing 2 habitable rooms or less;
- Sheltered housing / retirement complexes:
- Replacement housing (proposals to demolish and rebuild a property);
- Non-permanent structures.

## Contributions to education by size of house

- 41. The council's modelling of school rolls is based on the pupil product ratio, which is based on past trends of the average number of pupils generated by new build housing developments.
- 42. However, in recognition that a two bedroom (three habitable room) property is likely to have less of an impact on the education infrastructure compared to a three to five bedroom property, a reduction of 20% will be applicable to units containing three habitable rooms (a habitable room is defined as any enclosed room intended for human occupation, except a kitchen, bathroom, utility, hall and stairs). This will also help to achieve wider planning objectives such as encouraging the development of brownfield land, regeneration and meeting a variety of housing needs.

# Calculation of exemptions, discounts and windfall in contribution rates

- 43. Contribution rates will be calculated based on those sites identified in the LDP. Windfall sites that come forward in addition to those sites identified in the LDP may generate additional funds. Exempt properties, for reasons set out in 3.3.1 and smaller properties as set out in 3.3.2, will lead to a reduction in funds generated. These mechanisms can broadly be expected to cancel each other out. Should a significant volume of windfall sites, or a significant volume of exempt or discounted properties come forward to contribute to a particular intervention then the contribution rates may be adjusted in future.
- 44. If there are surplus funds once the projects have been completed, these will be repaid, on a pro-rata basis, to those parties who made the contributions towards the project. S75 legal agreements can make provision for the repayment of unused contributions.

## How the contributions will apply

- 45. West Lothian Council will seek financial contributions or an obligation from developers when new housing is proposed in the catchment areas of existing schools which cumulatively have inadequate or no capacity for additional pupils likely to be generated by the proposal.
- 46. The capacity of the education estate to accommodate the pupils generated by residential development proposals is assessed on four different levels:
  - 1. Denominational Primary School
  - 2. Non-denominational Primary School
  - 3. Denominational Secondary School
  - 4. Non-denominational Secondary School
- 47. Table 1 contains a 'Contribution Rate Table'. This outlines the contribution that is required for each catchment area for denominational and nondenominational primary and secondary schools. The appropriate catchment area for developments can be found by consulting catchment area maps found on the council's website.
- 48. In most cases, the solution is for each school catchment area, however there are instances where the identified intervention serves to solve capacity problems across several catchment areas, for example Denominational Secondary school interventions and the construction of new Winchburgh Nondenominational Secondary school creates capacity at Linlithgow Academy and Broxburn Academy, thus allowing development in these areas to proceed.
- 49. All residential planning applications will require consultation with the council's Senior Education Planning Officer who will assess the cumulative impact of housing proposals on the school estate and will determine whether a contribution towards funding of additional school capacity and school commissioning costs is required.
- 50. If appropriate education infrastructure actions are identified in the LDP, current Action Programme or contained within this SG, then the contribution required will be based on the contribution rate contained in Tables 1 and 2.
- 51. If the education infrastructure actions identified in this SG are not sufficient to accommodate an increase in the cumulative number of new pupils expected in that area as a result of the development (e.g. windfall sites, housing sites considered under LDP Policy EMP 1 and HOU 2) then the council will revise the identified infrastructure interventions. Additional infrastructure interventions may arise over the LDP plan period which may result in a requirement to review and amend this SG.
- 52. Where a development proposal is likely to give rise to an impact on education infrastructure which cannot be appropriately mitigated in line with the council's cumulative approach, it should be noted that planning permission may be refused.
- 53. If the pupils from a new development cannot be accommodated until education infrastructure intervention has been completed, planning conditions may be used to restrict the phasing of the development. Phasing restrictions will be discussed and agreed with applicants taking into account viability and kept under regular review.

- 54. West Lothian Council has proactively invested in the school estate by forward funding new school infrastructure using the Local Infrastructure Fund and council capital funding. The council will require costs of forward funded infrastructure to be recouped and the established contribution rates will be applicable.
- 55. For proposals which lie within the catchment area for Balerno High School, which is operated by the City of Edinburgh Council, Development Management will consult with the City of Edinburgh Council to assess the impact development may have on the non-denominational secondary sector.

## **Legal Agreements & Use of Monies**

- 56. Once an education contribution is agreed a Section 75 agreement will normally be required. In cases where relatively small sums of money are involved, it may be possible to avoid formal legal agreement and instead the council can collect contributions through a Section 69 agreement prior to planning permission being granted.
- 57. Wherever possible, the council will allow developers to make phased payments.

## Management of developer contributions

- 58. The council actively monitors developer contributions and the delivery of education infrastructure.
- 59. All infrastructure will be procured and delivered by West Lothian Council using standard procurement methodology.
- 60. Some infrastructure interventions are based on established rates for extensions and new builds at Scottish Futures Trust (SFT) metric rate. As each specific project is taken forward through the design and delivery phases and transfer of land it is recognised that the actual cost of each project could vary from the estimates currently provided. If surplus funds are left over once the projects have been completed, these will be repaid, on a prorate basis, to those parties who made the contributions towards the project. S75 legal agreements can make provision for the repayment of unused contributions.

# Table 1 - Contribution by Catchment Area

Green indicates an education intervention defined and fully costed in the SG

Orange indicates other required education interventions

White indicates no education intervention currently proposed

Refer to Table 2 for detailed infrastructure costs of each Contribution

#### Non-denominational Secondary

School name	Contribution required?	Rate	Indexation	Notes
Armadale Academy	ND Secondary - Armadale	£2,064	Unindexed	Extension complete
Bathgate Academy	Possible extension or catchment review			Capacity to be reviewed and catchment review options examined
Broxburn Academy	ND Secondary – Winchburgh	£5,760	Unindexed	Only applies to developments that benefit from the new Winchburgh school
Deans Community High School	Possible extension			Not currently required but under review if circumstances change as set out in the SG
Inveralmond Community High School	Not currently proposed			
Linlithgow Academy	ND Secondary – Winchburgh	£5,760	Unindexed	Applies to all developments in current Linlithgow Academy catchment
The James Young High School	Not currently proposed			
West Calder High School	ND Secondary – West Livingston, Mossend and Calderwood CDA	£7,447	RICS Q4 2017	Only applies to developments within the

		Calderwood, Mossend and West Livingston CDA and linked sites
Whitburn	Possible extension	Not required to deliver majority of
Academy	extension	current
		LDP sites. May
		be needed to
		allow extra
		900 unit allocation
		at H-WH 3
		Polkemmet
		Remainder to
		proceed

#### **Denominational Secondary**

School name	Contribution required?	Rate	Indexation	Notes
St Kentigern's	Denominational	£2,510	Unindexed	
Academy	Secondary			
St Margaret's	Denominational	£2,510	Unindexed	
Academy	Secondary			

Green indicates an education intervention defined and fully costed in the SG

Orange indicates other required education interventions

White indicates no education intervention currently proposed

# Non-Denominational Primary

School name	Contribution required?	Rate	Indexation	Notes
Addiewell Primary	Not currently proposed			
Armadale Primary	ND primary - Armadale wide	£6374	Unindexed	
Eastertoun Primary	ND primary - Armadale wide	£6374	Unindexed	
Southdale Primary	ND primary - Armadale wide	£6,374	Unindexed	
Balbardie Primary	ND primary - Bathgate wide	£1,080	Unindexed	Complete - Majority funded by WLC, developer proportion nearly fully collected
Boghall Primary	ND primary - Bathgate wide	£1,080	Unindexed	Complete - Majority funded by WLC, developer proportion nearly fully collected
Simpson Primary	ND primary - Bathgate wide	£1,080	Unindexed	Complete - Majority funded by WLC, developer proportion nearly fully collected
Windyknowe Primary	ND primary - Bathgate wide	£1,080	Unindexed	Complete - Majority funded by WLC, developer proportion nearly fully collected
Bankton Primary	Not currently proposed			
Bellsquarry Primary	Not currently			
Blackburn Primary	proposed  Not currently proposed			
Blackridge Primary	Possible reconfiguration works			Only required to deliver site H-BL4 Craiginn Terrace. Subject to negotiation with developers of that site.

Bridgend	Not currently			
Primary	proposed			
Broxburn	Possible new			Subject to
Primary	school at Albyn			negotiation with
				East Broxburn
				CDA Developers.
Carmondean	Not currently			
Primary	proposed			
Croftmalloch	Possible			Subject to
Primary	extension			negotiations with
				developer of
				H-WH 3
				Polkemmet
				Remainder
Deans Primary	Not currently			rtomanidor
Boaris i filliary	proposed			
Dechmont	New Bangour			Subject to
Infant	School proposed			negotiations with
IIIIdIII	School proposed			
				developers of
				H-DE 1 Bangour
				Village Hospital
				and H-DE 2
				Main Street,
				Dechmont
Dedridge	Not currently			
Primary	proposed			
East Calder	ND Primary - East	£48	Unindexed	Extension
Primary	Calder			complete. In
				addition
				Calderwood new
				primary school
				under
				construction.
Falla Hill	Not currently			
Primary	proposed			
Greenrigg	Not currently			<del> </del>
Primary	proposed			
Harrysmuir	Not currently			
Primary	proposed			
Kirkhill Primary	Possible			Subject to
- Caricina i Tilliary	extension			development of
	3/(01/01/01/			detailed plans
				for East Broxburn
				CDA.
Kirknewton	Possible			Phasing
	extension			conditions may be
Primary	CALCHSION			
				possible instead
V piahtarida -	Mot or manufly			of extension
	I DIOLCHEROPHIA	İ	i	1
Knightsridge Primary	Not currently proposed			

Letham	Not currently	T		
Primary	proposed			
	1 1 1			
Linlithgow	Not currently			
Primary	proposed			
Linlithgow	Not currently			
Bridge Primary	proposed			
Livingston	Extension and			Subject to
Village Primary	reconfiguration			negotiations with
	works			developer of
				H-LV 15 Kirkton
				Business Centre
				and Hunter Road
Longridge	Not currently			and Hantor Road
Primary	proposed			
Low Port	Not currently			
Primary	proposed			
Meldrum		+		
	Not currently			
Primary	proposed	1		
Mid Calder	Not currently			
Primary	proposed			
Murrayfield	Not currently			
Primary	proposed			
Parkhead	ND primary -	£2,028	Unindexed	In addition H-LV
Primary	Parkhead			13 Gavieside
				Farm requires
				an entirely new
				primary school.
Peel Primary	Not currently			
	proposed			
Polkemmet	Possible			Subject to
Primary	extension			negotiations with
· ····· <b>.</b>	or new school			developer of
	or now someon			H-WH 3
				Polkemmet
				Remainder.
Dumphoreton	Drongcod			Subject to
Pumpherston	Proposed			-
and Uphall	extension(s)			negotiations with
Station				developer
Community				of H-PU 1
Primary				Drumshoreland
				and H-PU 4
				Beechwood
				Grove Park.
Riverside	Not currently			
Primary	proposed			
Seafield	New Gavieside			Subject to
Primary	school proposed			negotiations with
,				developer of
				H-LV 13
				1 /
				Gavieside Farm.

Springfield	Possible		May be required if
Primary	extension Not		windfall sites
J	currently required.		come forward.
Stoneyburn	Not currently		
Primary	proposed		
Toronto	Not currently		
Primary	proposed		
Torphichen	Not currently		
Primary	proposed		
Uphall Primary	Not currently		
	proposed		
Westfield	Possible		Subject to
Primary	extension		negotiations with
	or new school		developer of
			H-WF 1 Logie
10 / 10 / 10 / 10 / 10 / 10 / 10 / 10 /	N		Brae.
Whitdale	Not currently		
Primary	proposed		
Williamston	Not currently		
Primary Mr. and the control	proposed		III. Famili Carl
Winchburgh	Additional		Holy Family first
Primary	new ND Primary		phase under construction.
Holy Family new school	School(s)		
SCHOOL			Subject to
			negotiations with
			Winchburgh developer(s)
Woodmuir	Possible		May be required
Primary	extension		in future. To be
<u>i Illilai y</u>	CVICHOINI		kept under
			review.
			TEVIEW.

# Denominational Primary

School name	Contribution required?	Rate	Indexation	Notes
Holy Family Primary	Holy Family new school and future extension(s)			First phase under construction. Subject to negotiations with Winchburgh developer(s).
Howden St Andrew's Primary	Not currently proposed			
Our Lady of Lourdes Primary	Not currently proposed			
Our Lady's Primary	Not currently proposed			
St Anthony's Primary	Denominational primary - St Anthony's	£1,187	Unindexed	Phase 2 Extension not currently required
St Columba's Primary	Not currently proposed			
St John Ogilvie Primary	Possible extension			Not currently required. May be required if windfall sites come forward.
St John The Baptist Primary Not currently proposed				
St Joseph's (Linlithgow) Primary	Not currently proposed			
St Joseph's (Whitburn) Primary	Possible extension			Subject to negotiations with developer of H-WH 3 Polkemmet Remainder.
St Mary's (Bathgate) Primary	Not currently proposed			
St Mary's (Polbeth) Primary	Denominational Primary - St Mary's (Polbeth)	£1,589	Unindexed	

St Nicholas' Primary	Denominational Primary - St Nicholas'	£1,153	Unindexed	Extension complete.
St Ninian's Primary	Not currently proposed			
St Paul's Primary	Denominational Primary - St Paul's	£3,177	Unindexed	
St Thomas' Primary	Not currently proposed			

#### **Table 2 - Intervention Details**

# 2018 LDP Policy - Denominational Secondary

Sector	Denominational Secondary
Project (s)	Sinclair Academy
Policy	SG 2021
Standard Contribution Rate	£2,510
Indexation	Unindexed
Overall Indicative Cost	£41,422,248

Delivery of Sinclair Academy has been via forward funding by the council within the framework of the Edinburgh and South East Scotland City Region Deal. While the denominational school itself does not include any City Region Deal funding the site upon which Sinclair Academy, Winchburgh Academy and Holy Family Primary schools are being built was secured as part of a tripartite agreement with the council, the lead developer and the Scottish Government. For this reason, calculation of the method of calculating the contribution rate is linked to that for the contribution rate to Winchburgh Academy. That calculation is set out and agreed as part of the tripartite agreement.

An adjustment to the contribution will be required for delivery beyond the first 660 pupil phase.

List of unconsented contributing sites:

All future sites in West Lothian contribute to Denominational Secondary

# 2018 LDP Policy - ND Secondary – Armadale

Sector	Non Denominational Secondary
Project (s)	Armadale Academy extension to 1,210 capacity
Policy	SG 2021
Standard Contribution Rate	£2,064
Indexation	Unindexed

The breakdown of this Overall Indicative Cost is as follows:

Indicative Project Cost (1)	£5,519,909
Project description (1)	Armadale Academy rebuilt as 1210 school (Previous capacity 990)  – net increase of 220 places
Outturn project cost (1)	£5,519,909
Notes on costs (1)	Outturn cost. Based on £30,359,903 outturn cost for 1210 school pro rata.
Project completion (1)	Yes - August 2009

Total contributing units	2675
Overall cost	£5,519,909.00

# List of future contributing sites

LDP Reference	Site Name	Number of Units
H-AM 1	Muirfield, North Street,	10
H-AM 5	Colinshiel (Site A)	135
H-AM 6	Colinshiel (Site B)	135
H-AM 12	Standhill (North)	300
H-AM 17	Drove Road	26
H-BL 3	Westcraigs Road (south of	7
	railway line)	
H-BL 4	Craiginn Terrace	210
H-BL 5	Woodhill Road	30
H-BL 6	Land south of Craiginn Terrace	10
H-BA 1	Balmuir Road (former	11
	Woodthorpe Garden Centre)	
H-BA 7	Little Boghead (Site 2)	20
H-BA 15	Windyknowe/Glasgow Road,	46
	(West)	
H-BA 23	Wester Inch	50
H-BA 27	Whitburn Road (former abattoir)	100
H-BA 30	Standhill Farm	85

In addition to these sites there are a number of contributing sites which already have consent and contributions have been secured through associated legal agreements although payments may not yet have been triggered or made. If any of these sites do not progress a revision of the contribution rate may be necessary although this will not apply retrospectively.

# 2018 LDP Policy - ND Secondary West Livingston, Mossend and Calderwood CDA

Sector	Non Denominational Secondary
Project (s)	new East Calder Secondary School
Policy	SG 2021
Standard Contribution Rate	£7,447
Indexation	RICS Q4 2017
Overall Indicative Cost	£42,300,000

The breakdown of this Overall Indicative Cost is as follows:

Indicative Project Cost (1)	£31,300,000
Project description (1)	East Calder Secondary School 660
Outturn project cost (1)	n/a
Notes on costs (1)	Comparison to Sinclair Academy costs
Project completion (1)	n/a

Indicative Project Cost (2)	£11,000,000
Project description (2)	East Calder Secondary School 660 - 1100
Outturn project cost (2)	n/a
Notes on costs (2)	SFT Metric estimate
Project completion (2)	n/a

Total contributing units	5680
Overall cost	£42,300,000.00

#### List of future contributing sites

LDP Reference	Site Name	Number of Units
H-EC 5	Raw Holdings West,	100
	(Remainder) south	
H-EC 5	Raw Holdings West,	50
	(Remainder) north	
H-EC 10	Langton Road	120
H-LV 13	Gavieside Farm	1,900
H-WC 4 and 2	Mossend Diamond	60
H-WC 1	Cleugh Brae (CDA)	120
H-WC 4	Mossend (Remainder) (Site Y)	157

In addition to these sites there are a number of contributing sites which already have consent and contributions have been secured through associated legal agreements although payments may not yet have been triggered or made. If any of these sites do not progress a revision of the contribution rate may be necessary although this will not apply retrospectively.

#### 2018 LDP Policy - ND Secondary – Winchburgh

Sector	Non Denominational Secondary
Project (s)	Winchburgh Academy
Policy	SG 2021
Standard Contribution Rate	£5,760
Indexation	Unindexed
Overall Indicative Cost	£34,033,007

Delivery of Winchburgh Academy has been via forward funding by the council within the framework of the Edinburgh and South East Scotland City Region Deal. While the school itself does not benefit from any City Region Deal funding the site upon which Sinclair Academy, Winchburgh Academy and Holy Family Primary schools are being built has been secured as part of a tripartite agreement with the council, the lead developer and the Scottish Government. That agreement sets out the associated costs, including construction costs and debt service charges and the means of recovery of the overall project costs via the standard contribution rate.

An adjustment to the contribution will be required for delivery beyond the first 660 pupil phase.

#### List of future contributing sites

LDP Reference	Site Name	Number of Units
H-BD 1	Willowdean (Site A)	40
H-BD 2	Willowdean (Site B)	90
H-BD 3	Willowdean (Bridgend Golf	40
	Course)	
H-BD 4	Auldhill	5
H-BD 5	Bridgend Farm	30
H-LL 3	Boghall East	50
H-LL 4	Land East of Manse Road	25
H-LL 5	Falkirk Road (land at BSW	18
	Timber)	
H-LL 11	Wilcoxholm Farm/Pilgrims Hill	200
H-LL 12	Preston Farm	60
H-LL 13	Kettlestoun Mains	210
H-PH 1	Philpstoun Bowling Club	5
H-WB 1	Castle Road	10
H-WB 2	Winchburgh Primary School, Dunn Place	20
H-WB 14	Main Street (former Beatlie	11
	School & Winchburgh Day	
	Centre)	
H-WB 15	Glendevon (regeneration site)	27
H-WB 18	Site adjoining Niddry Mains House	30
H-WB	various Winchburgh CDA sites	3300

H-BU 1	Greendykes Road	50
H-BU 4	Albyn	100
H-BU 5	Candleworks	100
H-BU 8	Greendykes Road (West)	590
H-BU 9	Greendykes Road (East)	135
H-PH 1	Philpstoun Bowling Club	5
H-BU 10	West Wood	825
H-DE 1	Bangour Village Hospital *	TBC
H-DE 1	Main Street	120

In addition to these sites there are a number of contributing sites which already have consent and contributions have been secured through associated legal agreements although payments may not yet have been triggered or made. If any of these sites do not progress a revision of the contribution rate may be necessary although this will not apply retrospectively.

# 2018 LDP Policy - ND Primary – Armadale wide

Sector	Non Denominational Primary
Project (s)	Armadale Primary undercroft, Southdale Phases 1A, 1B and 2,
	Eastertoun
	extension.
Policy	SG 2021
Standard Contribution Rate	£6,374
Indexation	Unindexed
Overall Indicative Cost	£14,252,351

The breakdown of this Overall Indicative Cost is as follows:

Indicative Project Cost (1)	£704,762
Project description (1)	Armadale Primary School undercroft extension
Outturn project cost (1)	£704,602
Notes on costs (1)	
Project completion (1)	Yes - August 2013

Indicative Project Cost (2)	£7,167,125
Project description (2)	Southdale School Phase 1A
Outturn project cost (2)	£7,167,125
Notes on costs (2)	Outturn cost. Ten classroom school first phase, 2 classrooms shell
	only
Project completion (2)	Yes - August 2016

Indicative Project Cost (3)	Included in Phase 1A Outturn Costs
Project description (3)	Southdale School Phase 1B
Outturn project cost (3)	n/a
Notes on costs (3)	Outturn cost. Fit out of final Phase 1A classrooms
Project completion (3)	Yes - August 2018

Indicative Project Cost (4)	£6,380,464
Project description (4)	Southdale School Phase 2 - extension to 16 class organisation
Outturn project cost (4)	n/a
Notes on costs (4)	SFT Metric cost based on 2024 opening
Project completion (4)	n/a

Total contributing units	2,236
Overall cost	£14,252,351

#### List of future contributing sites

LDP Reference	Site Name	Number of Units
H-AM 1	Muirfield, North Street	10
H-AM 5	Colinshiel (Site A)	135
H-AM 6	Colinshiel (Site B)	135
H-AM 12	Standhill (North)	300
H-AM 17	Drove Road	26

In addition to these sites there are a number of contributing sites which already have consent and contributions have been secured through associated legal agreements although payments may not yet have been triggered or made. If any of these sites do not progress a revision of the contribution rate may be necessary although this will not apply retrospectively.

# 2018 LDP Policy – ND Primary - East Calder

Sector	Non Denominational Primary
Project (s)	East Calder Nursery expansion freeing space in school for
	extension to full 2 stream 462 capacity
Policy	SG 2021
Standard Contribution Rate	£48
Indexation	Unindexed
Overall Indicative Cost	£52,000

The breakdown of this Overall Indicative Cost is as follows:

Indicative Project Cost (1)	£52,000
Project description (1)	East Calder Nursery expansion freeing space in school
Outturn project cost (1)	£52,000
Notes on costs (1)	Outturn cost.
Project completion (1)	Yes - December 2016

Notes on units Raw Holdings / Wilkieston - excludes Calderwood as new school proposed Future contributing units 970

Total contributing units	1087
Overall cost	£52,000

#### List of future contributing sites

LDP Reference	Site Name	Number of Units
H-EC 1	Millbank Depot	22
H-EC 3	Broompark Farm	50
H-EC 5(a)	Raw Holdings West	300
H-EC 5(b)	Raw Holdings West	253
H-EC 5	Raw Holdings West,	100
	(Remainder) south	
H-EC 5	Raw Holdings West,	50
	(Remainder) north	
H-EC 10	Langton Road	120
H-WI 1	Linburn (site A)	50
H-WI 2	East Coxydene Farm	25

In addition to these sites there are a number of contributing sites which already have consent and contributions have been secured through associated legal agreements although payments may not yet have been triggered or made. If any of these sites do not progress a revision of the contribution rate may be necessary although this will not apply retrospectively.

#### 2018 LDP Policy – ND Primary - Parkhead

Sector	Non Denominational Primary
Project (s)	Parkhead extension to full 2 stream 462 capacity
Policy	SG 2021
Standard Contribution Rate	£2,028
Indexation	Unindexed
Overall Indicative Cost	£1,648,603

The breakdown of this Overall Indicative Cost is as follows:

Indicative Project Cost (1)	£1,648,603
Project description (1)	Parkhead extension to 462 capacity
Outturn project cost (1)	n/a
Notes on costs (1)	SFT Metric cost based on 2025 opening
Project completion (1)	No

#### Notes on units:

Excludes H-LL 13 Gavieside Farm as an additional new school is proposed at Gavieside which will be fully funded by the developer. This means children from H-LL 13 Gavieside Farm will not attend Parkhead Primary in the medium-long term.

Total contributing units	813
Overall cost	£1,648,603

#### List of future contributing sites

LDP Reference	Site Name	Number of Units
H-WC 4 and 2	Mossend diamond	60
H-WC 1	Cleugh Brae (CDA)	120
H-WC 4	Mossend (Remainder) (Site Y)	157
H-WC 5	Burngrange (west of West	5
	Calder cemetery)	
H-WC 6	Hartwood Road West	25
H-PB 1	Site of former West Calder High	120
	School, Limefield	

In addition to these sites there are a number of contributing sites which already have consent and contributions have been secured through associated legal agreements although payments may not yet have been triggered or made. If any of these sites do not progress a revision of the contribution rate may be necessary although this will not apply retrospectively.

# 2018 LDP Policy – Denominational Primary – St Anthony's

Sector	Denominational Primary
Project (s)	St Anthony's extension Phase 1 and 2
Policy	SG 2021
Standard Contribution Rate	£1,187
Indexation	Unindexed
Overall Cost	£3,615,125

The breakdown of this Overall Indicative Cost is as follows:

Indicative Project Cost (1)	£3,615,125
Project description (1)	St Anthony's extension Phase 1 (273 - 10 class capacity)
Outturn project cost (1)	£3,615,125
Notes on costs (1)	Outturn cost
Project completion (1)	Yes - August 2016

Total contributing units	3046
Overall Cost	£3,615,125

#### List of future contributing sites

LDP Reference	Site Name	Number of Units
H-AM 1	Muirfield, North Street	10
H-AM 5	Colinshiel (Site A)	135
H-AM 6	Colinshiel (Site B)	135
H-AM 12	Standhill (North)	300
H-AM 15	Lower Bathville	400
H-AM 17	Drove Road	26
H-AM 19	Tarrareoch Farm	320
H-BL 3	Westcraigs Road (south of	7
	railway line)	
H-BL 4	Craiginn Terrace	210
H-BL 5	Woodhill Road	30
H-BL 6	Land south of Craiginn Terrace	10

In addition to these sites there are a number of contributing sites which already have consent and contributions have been secured through associated legal agreements although payments may not yet have been triggered or made. If any of these sites do not progress a revision of the contribution rate may be necessary although this will not apply retrospectively.

# 2018 LDP Policy – Denominational Primary – St Mary's, Polbeth

Sector	Denominational Primary
Project (s)	St Mary's (Polbeth) extension to 12 class, 360 capacity
Policy	SG 2021
Standard Contribution Rate	£1,589
Indexation	Unindexed
Overall Indicative Cost	£3,793,660

The breakdown of this Overall Indicative Cost is as follows:

Indicative Project Cost (1)	£3,793,660
Project description (1)	St Mary's (Polbeth) extension - 360 capacity
Outturn project cost (1)	n/a
Notes on costs (1)	SFT Metric cost based on 2025 opening
Project completion (1)	n/a

Total contributing units	2,387
Overall cost	£3,793,660

#### List of future contributing sites

LDP Reference	Site Name	Number of Units
H-LV 13	Gavieside Farm	1,900
H-WC 4 and 2	Mossend diamond	60
H-WC 1	Cleugh Brae (CDA)	120
H-WC 4	Mossend (Remainder) (Site Y)	157
H-WC 5	Burngrange (west of West	5
	Calder cemetery)	
H-WC 6	Hartwood Road West	25
H-PB 1	Site of former West Calder High	120
	School, Limefield	

In addition to these sites there are a number of contributing sites which already have consent and contributions have been secured through associated legal agreements although payments may not yet have been triggered or made. If any of these sites do not progress a revision of the contribution rate may be necessary although this will not apply retrospectively.

## 2018 LDP Policy – Denominational Primary – St Nicholas'

Sector	Denominational Primary
Project (s)	St Nicholas's extension
Policy	SG 2021
Standard Contribution Rate	£1,153
Indexation	Unindexed
Overall Indicative Cost	£2,052,000

The breakdown of this Overall Indicative Cost is as follows:

Indicative Project Cost (1)	£2,052,000
Project description (1)	St Nicholas's extension (462 capacity)
Outturn project cost (1)	£2,052,000
Notes on costs (1)	Outturn cost
Project completion (1)	Yes - August 2016

Total contributing units	1,779
Overall cost	£2,052,000.00

#### List of future contributing sites

LDP Reference	Site Name	Number of Units
H-BU 5	Candleworks	100
H-BU 2	Holmes North (Site B)	20
H-BU 6	Holmes North (Site A)	15
H-BU 11	Church Street Depot	6
H-DE 1	Bangour Village Hospital	550
H-DE 2	Main Street	120
H-PU 1	Drumshoreland/Kirkforthar	228
	(Remainder) - Site B	
H-PU 4	Beechwood Grove Park	60

In addition to these sites there are a number of contributing sites which already have consent and contributions have been secured through associated legal agreements although payments may not yet have been triggered or made. If any of these sites do not progress a revision of the contribution rate may be necessary although this will not apply retrospectively.

# 2018 LDP Policy – Denominational Primary – St Paul's, <u>East Calder</u>

Sector	Denominational Primary
Project (s)	St Paul's extension
Policy	SG 2021
Standard Contribution Rate	£3,177
Indexation	Unindexed
Overall Indicative Cost	£7,150,000

The breakdown of this Overall Indicative Cost is as follows:

Indicative Project Cost (1)	£2,701,612
Project description (1)	St Paul's extension - 231 capacity
Outturn project cost (1)	n/a
Notes on costs (1)	SFT Metric cost based on 2022 opening
Project completion (1)	n/a

Indicative Project Cost (2)	£4,533,657
Project description (2)	St Paul's extension - 360 capacity
Outturn project cost (2)	n/a
Notes on costs (2)	SFT Metric cost based on 2025 opening
Project completion (2)	n/a

Indicative Project Cost (3)	£3,582,901
Project description (3)	St Paul's extension - 462 capacity
Outturn project cost (3)	n/a
Notes on costs (3)	SFT Metric cost based on 2025 opening
Project completion (3)	n/a

Total contributing units	3,405
Overall cost	£10,818,170

# List of future contributing sites

LDP Reference	Site Name	Number of Units
H-PU 2	Drumshoreland Road frontage	25
H-PU 3	Uphall Station Road (former	14
	school)	
H-KN 2	Station Road (East)	90
H-KN 4	Station Road (South)	30
	(extension)	
H-WI 1	Linburn (site A)	50
H-EC 1	Millbank Depot	22
H-EC 3	Broompark Farm	50
H-EC 5	Raw Holdings West,	100
	(Remainder) south	

LDP Reference	Site Name	Number of Units
H-EC 5	Raw Holdings West,	50
	(Remainder) north	
H-EC 10	Langton Road	120

In addition to these sites there are a number of contributing sites which already have consent and contributions have been secured through associated legal agreements although payments may not yet have been triggered or made. If any of these sites do not progress a revision of the contribution rate may be necessary although this will not apply retrospectively.

Any windfall sites within the appropriate catchment would be expected to contribute.

#### (SG) Planning and Education

Approved by West Lothian Council Executive 19 January 2021 Subsequently adopted as Supplementary Guidance (SG) 20 May 2021

West Lothian Council, Development Planning & Environment, Civic Centre, Howden South Road, Livingston, EH54 6FF

Tel: **01506 28 00 00** 

Email: dpgeneral@westlothian.gov.uk Website: www.westlothian.gov.uk

